



SWEET MEMORIES SCHOOL

RUIGHAR GANESHPETH ,Nr.PANCHGANI-412805 DIST-SATARA -MAHARASHTRA

ANNUAL PEDAGOGICAL PLAN -2021-22

Academic Session: 2021-2022

Affiliation No.:1130483

Year Of Affiliation- 2014

Validity- 31-03-2022

School Code - 30397

Principal Name: Mr. Ajay Bhagwat Sonavane

Email:- smhspch@gmail.com

Contact- 9423808408, 9834243916

Office- 02168295696

Website:- www.smhspch.com

School's Vision Statement: To strive for Holistic, Multidimensional development of students, by providing them right kind of supporting Environment, along with, core ethical values, for creating futuristic Global citizens.

Nestled amongst the spectacular scenic beauty of Panchgani, far away from the bustle of city life, with magnificent views of the valley, is Sweet Memories High School and Junior College, a one of its kind, vegetarian residential school with world class academic and sports facilities. Sweet Memory stands tall amongst panchgani's schools providing not just academic education but also harbouring a homely environment within its sprawling complex which nurtures the students emotionally and spiritually.

Established on 17th June 1996, Sweet Memories school started with 16 students and a dream of providing wholesome and contemporary education. Today it has manifested into a premium educational institute.

The Administrator Mrs. Chandra Shah says, "when a parent hands over their child to us, we take it upon us as personal responsibility to nurture them into the best version of themselves, preparing them to become global leaders who take the world in their stride.

Mission

- ☑ Provide state of Art facilities and best Infrastructure for building SMHS as Centre of Excellence.
- ☑ Nurture and foster an environment to provide lifelong learning skills by focusing on striking a balance between I.Q., E.Q. & S.Q. under guidance of skilled professionals.
- ☑ Encourage stakeholders to imbibe the core ethical values for Innovation and creative thought processes, resulting in their multidimensional development, by holistic approach.
- ☑ Augment, all avenues for providing, an all inclusive development, of children to cope up, with the fast paced world, in arriving at solutions, to societal needs and develop our school as Global Centre of Excellence

ANNUAL PEDAGOGICAL PLAN -2021-22

The Annual Pedagogical Plan 2021-22 is prepared as per CBSE Guidelines through CBSE circular Acad-15/2019 dated 09 March 2019. and handbook provided by CBSE and Manuals –Learning outcomes at Elementary & Secondary level, curriculum circulars helped to prepare this comprehensive plan with the help of all stakeholders.

Goals to be achieved

- i) To design a comprehensive program for multiple
- ii) To strengthen the guidance and counseling program in the school.
- iii) To involve parents in supporting school
- iv) To consciously create opportunities for to equip students for meeting their immediate and future needs.
- v) To make a beginning in providing skill subjects to students from Class IX onwards.
- vi) Continuous and regular staff/teacher training programs to keep them updated with the current trends in education.
- vii) To incorporate the development of 21 Century skills into the teaching learning program and Co scholastic activities and extra curricular pursuits.
- viii) To ensure that all facilities required implementing and achieving goals are made available on timely basis.

The goals, developed on the basis of our vision and mission, are designed to help the school continue in the pursuit of its excellence.

Members Involved In preparing the annual plan.

The responsibility for pedagogical planning in the school is undertaken by the selected teachers under the guidance of the Principal. The Principal demonstrates pedagogical leadership by leading from the front in defining and setting standards of academic instructions, teaching strategies, learning outcomes. Learning methods.

- 1] Primary Teachers
- 2] Middle School Teachers

- 3] Secondary Teachers.
- 4] School Counselor
- 5] Training Incharge

Number of Periods Classwise & Subjectwise

Pedagogical solutions

Class I and II

Pedagogy is the art and science of teaching. Different strategies are used in different combinations with different group of students to improve the learning outcomes. Pedagogical planning includes how teachers and students relate together as well as the instructional approaches implemented in the classroom. Effective pedagogical planning along with supporting activities can lead to academic achievement, social and emotional development of a child. Keeping in consideration the importance of pedagogical planning, various teaching techniques are implemented for the holistic development of the child.

Class I

SUBJECT/SKIL L	TEACHING TECHNIQUES	LEARNING OUTCOMES
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<p>LANGUAGE</p>	<p>Story telling sessions in an innovative manner, name of the author, depict the story with the help of flash cards which also helps for picture compositions, read aloud sessions, recitations, puzzles, stick puppets, role plays, dramatization, games, interactive activities in the notebook. Vocabulary development, sight words reading, in addition to creative writing, drawing is also inculcated in the assignment. Show and tell and JAM sessions</p>	<p>Keeping in view the learning techniques used for teaching, by the end of the year, children would be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. acquire the skills of listening, speaking, writing and thinking in an integrated manner. 2. associate words with pictures and name the objects seen in the pictures. 3. produce words with common blends like "fr, tr, bl, cl" etc.. 4. recite poems individually or in groups with correct pronunciation, actions and intonation. 5. identify characters and sequence of a story and ask relatable questions. 6. use capitalization appropriately. 7. write sentences about a given topic using verbal or visual clues, write 3-4 lines about the picture shown to them. 8. Read aloud with appropriate pronunciation and expressions. 9. use simple verbs, prepositions like "on, under" etc.
<p>MATH</p>	<p>Hands on activities, usage of visuals and images, story telling sessions to connect situations with the real world, simple math games and interactive activities. Provide various techniques for one concept, drawing math problems</p>	<p>Keeping in view the learning techniques used for teaching, by the end of the year, children would be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. recognize, forward count and compare numbers till 500. Number names till 100. 2. use place value in writing and comparing two digit numbers. 3. apply single digit vertical and horizontal addition and subtraction. 4. name the various solid shapes (2D) and create patterns of shapes and numbers. 5. identify the hands of the clock and will be able to tell the time (o'clock and half past). Will be able to differentiate between the concept of A.M. and P.M. 6. observe, extend and create patterns of shapes and number. 7. identify, name and write the Days of the week and Months of the year. 8. identify the value and denominations of currency.
<p>E.V.S</p>	<p>Experiments based learning, ground discussions which are teacher</p>	<p>Keeping in view the learning techniques used for teaching, by the end of the year,</p>

	<p>initiated and activities, supporting visual aids, explanation through power point presentations, quizzes, puzzles, activities, show and tell and JAM sessions.</p>	<p>children would be able to: 1. understand what is air, presence of air everywhere, properties, uses, air pollution, steps to control it etc. Acquire awareness about immediate surroundings.</p> <p>2. develop various skills e.g. observation, discussion, explanation, experimentation, logical reasoning etc.</p> <p>3. identify the uses of water, properties, floating and sinking, forms of water, water cycle, water pollution and water conservation. They will be able to relate with the earth's component of water.</p> <p>5. understand the chemical reaction using kitchen materials, concept of magnetism, heat and gravity.</p> <p>6. relate with the sources of light, how is sound produces, human body, plants etc.</p> <p>7. name the seasons, why do seasons change, about poles, axis, equator, hemispheres, rotation and revolution. 8. understand what is solar system, galaxy, landforms and how to save our mother earth</p>
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Class II

<p>LANGUAGE</p>	<p>Story telling sessions in an innovative manner, information about the author, depict the story with the help of flash cards which also helps for picture compositions, read aloud sessions, recitations, puzzles, stick puppets, role plays, dramatization, games, interactive activities in the notebook. Vocabulary development, sight words reading, in addition to creative writing, drawing is also inculcated in the assignment. Show and tell and JAM sessions.</p>	<p>Keeping in view the learning techniques used for teaching, by the end of the year, children would be able to:</p> <p>1. acquire the skills of listening, speaking, writing and thinking in an integrated manner.</p> <p>2. comprehend the language and develop the ability to express their thoughts orally and in writing in a meaningful way.</p> <p>3. respond to comprehension questions related to stories, orally and in writing.</p> <p>4. recite poems individually or in groups with correct pronunciation, actions and intonation. 5. narrate a story and express his/her opinion or</p>
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		<p>understanding about the story and characters in it, also understand the sequence of events in a story. 6.use punctuations and capitalization appropriately.</p> <p>7. write sentences about a given topic using verbal or visual clues.</p> <p>8. read aloud with appropriate pronunciation and pause</p> <p>9. use simple adjectives, pronouns related to gender like "his/her", "he/she", prepositions etc.</p>
<p>MATH</p>	<p>Hands on activities, usage of visuals and images, story telling sessions to connect situations with the real world, simple math games and interactive activities. Provide various techniques for one concept, drawing math problems.</p>	<p>Keeping in view the learning techniques used for teaching, by the end of the year, children would be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. forward count, write number names and compare numbers till 999. 2. use place value in writing and comparing three digit numbers. 3. apply addition, subtraction and multiplication in daily life situations. 4. describe the physical features of various solid shapes and identifies the types of shapes (2D or 3D). 5. identify <p>the hands of the clock and will be able to tell the time. Will be able to differentiate between the concept of A.M. and P.M.</p> 6.observe, extend and create patterns of shapes and number. 7. identify Days of the week and Months of the year. 8.draw inference based on the data collected. 9.identify the value and denominations of currency and perform addition and subtraction operations.

E.V.S	Experiments based learning, ground discussions, which are teacher initiated and activities, supporting visual aids, explanation through power point presentations, quizzes, puzzles, activities, show and tell and JAM sessions.	<p>Keeping in view the learning techniques used for teaching, by the end of the year, children would be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. identify different types of animals, their habitat, eating habits etc. Acquire awareness about immediate surroundings. 2. develop various skills e.g. observation, discussion, explanation, experimentation, logical reasoning etc. 3. to identify healthy and unhealthy food items, good and bad eating habits and relate them with their day to day experiences. 4. identify the common body parts, internal and external organs and their functions. 5. understand the importance, types and style of clothing, common clothing items and differentiate between casual and formal clothing, role of weather in clothing choice. 6. identify different occupations in the home and community. Importance of community helpers for the smooth running of society. 7. Understand about neighbourhood and neighbours, what kind of houses are there in the neighbourhood. Gather information about their own neighbourhood and
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STD - III to V

Pedagogy is the method of teaching, both as an academic subject or a theoretical concept. When it comes to teaching, the technique the teacher chooses plays a vital role. It is extremely important for the teacher to know what technique to employ and when to employ. Selecting the most appropriate technique is so crucial that it can mean the students succeeding academically or experiencing academic failure. That is why it is important for all teachers to have a toolkit full of age appropriate and research-based pedagogical techniques that involve application, analysis, investigation, justification, critical thinking skills of the students.

STD-III

Subject/Skill	Pedagogical Technique	Learning outcome
<p>Languages</p>	<p>Individual activities, Working in groups of two, Small group activities- Poem recitations, Loud reading sessions, Role plays, Dramatizations, Posters/Pamphlets reading, Reading newspaper headlines, Just a Minute Rounds, Show and Tell sessions, Turn-a Coat sessions, Changing the climax of a story sessions, Dictations of words and short paragraphs, Spell bee, Writing very short answers based on stories and poems read. Comprehend words that apply to mathematical, and EVS concepts. Cross-questioning technique, Expression sessions Password technique Games/Smart Modules/ Exercises on correct use of nouns, articles, pronouns, adjectives, prepositions .Conjunctions in speech.</p>	<p>Through these pedagogical techniques, by the end of the academic year 2021-22, the majority of students of class III will be able to-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Read the text and recite poem with correct pronunciation, intonation and pause as required. 2. Present stories read in form of a skit by recognising the different characters and speaking their dialogues with expressions. 3. Comprehend the main idea of the message printed on posters, pamphlets, headlines printed in the newspapers. 4. Comprehend the text read by stating the main idea, details and sequence of incidents and draw meaningful conclusions. 5. Spell and write the words using their phonetic knowledge, short sentences and answers correctly following the rules of capitalisation with correct use of simple punctuation marks like full stop, comma, exclamation and question mark. 6. Present their thoughts on general topics or things related to their immediate surroundings in the JAM and show and tell sessions. 7. Comprehend and follow the simple instructions given. 8. Modify and explain a different climax of the stories read with guidance from the teacher. 9. Relate to words like altogether, in addition, reduce, remaining, left over,

		<p>remove, raining, constructing, building in other subjects like Maths and EVS.</p> <p>10. Apply the newly learnt vocabulary from lessons and the 'Password of the day' technique, in their daily conversation.</p> <p>11. Apply the grammar concepts correctly to frame simple, sentences and answers.</p> <p>12. Produce sketch, diagrams, illustrations, cartoons to express their ideas through art as a medium.</p> <p>13. Construct meaningful questions for the peer group to answer.</p> <p>14. Explain their thoughts, opinion, and understanding about the story orally and talk about the characters in the story.</p>
<p>Maths</p>	<p>Individual activities, Working in groups of two, Small group activities- Counting by grouping method Counting 1 to 1000 in order. Arranging three digit numbers in order.</p> <p>Representing multiplication facts by drawing objects, Skip counting, repeated addition.</p> <p>Division through the concept of equal distribution and sharing.</p> <p>Recognising and differentiating between 2D and 3D figures,</p> <p>Create 2D shapes and describe their features. Role play to show addition and subtraction facts, Measure length and capacities of objects using ruler, buckets etc.</p> <p>Using vocabulary learnt through Math concepts in English and EVS like quarter to, half past, fractional terms. Reading clock.</p> <p>Reading calendar. Observing patterns, Recording data, Interpreting pictographs.</p>	<p>Through these pedagogical techniques, by the end of the academic year 2021-22, the majority of students of class III will be able to-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Count objects by making groups of tens and hundreds through the grouping method. 2. Write counting from 1 to 1000 correctly. 3. Apply the concept of place value to arrange three digit numbers in ascending and descending order. 4. Solve addition and subtraction facts up to three digit numbers both in writing and mentally. 5. Apply the concept of skip counting and repeated addition to construct tables in daily life situations. 6. Conclude that division is distribution of object or a number in equal parts. 7. Draw/cut/produce 2D shapes using pencil and paper/cutting paper/cardboard etc.

		<p>8. Describe 2D shapes by analysing the number of sides, corners and diagonals in a shape.</p> <p>9. Measure or predict an estimate of length or distance in centimetres and meters and understand the relationship between them.</p> <p>10. Compare the capacity of different containers using non standardised units.</p> <p>11. Confirm a particular day and date by reading a calendar.</p> <p>12. Read time on the clock using the correct vocabulary like quarter past, quarter to, half past, O clock etc.</p> <p>13. Recognise pattern in numbers or shapes to complete the series.</p> <p>14. Gather data, record it in tabular form and represent it on pictographs and interpret it to explain using meaningful words.</p>
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<p>EVS</p>	<p>Individual activities, Working in groups of two, Small group activities-</p> <p>Observations Exploration Questioning technique. Quiz Research work Group Discussions Field trips Visits with family. Experience sharing sessions. Finding similarities and differences. Collecting objects. Analysing situations and suggesting possible results or solutions. Poster making Collage making Waste segregation Utilization of waste Awareness drives and activities. Questions and discussions based on</p>	<p>Through these pedagogical techniques, by the end of the academic year 2021-22, the majority of students of class III will be able to-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify various parts of a plant/tree and state their function. 2. Observe the difference between the same parts of different plants in terms of colour, texture, thickness, size etc. 3. Observe the food items in their kitchen, vessels, stoves, fuels and cooking process. 4. Segregating waste as bio degradable and non- biodegradable. 5. Describe the need of food for people
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critical thinking. Reading posters, pamphlets, signboards.

of different age groups, animals and birds, sources of food and water and use of water at home and other surrounding places in the neighbourhood.

6. Segregate objects, birds, animals, activities and other things on the basis of differences and similarities using different senses.

7. Explain how the cost of food items is determined depending on the number of middlemen involved between the farmer and the consumer.

8. Explain the movement, eating habits, habitats, sounds and other factors related to different animals.

9. Identify relationship with immediate and extended family.

10. Describe the different roles each family member plays, traditions/practices followed at home, importance of living together as a family.

11. Analyse the importance of different professions that people take up.

12. Differentiate between the houses that were constructed in the past and the ones that are constructed now.

13. State different ways of transportation and communication and analyse how the ways have changed over the years.

14. Identify places like schools, hospitals, malls, parks, medical shops etc. in the neighbourhood.

15. Exhibits behaviour that shows sensitivity towards saving plants, animals, taking care of the elders, differently abled people in our surroundings.

16. Create posters, collages on environment related issues or needs like banning the use of plastic, planting

		<p>trees, keeping the city clean, minimising the noise, water and air pollution, making optimum use of natural resources.</p> <p>17. Participate actively in awareness drives.</p> <p>18. Create usable things using waste materials.</p> <p>19. Analyse different situations critically and suggest different ways to solve problems and issues that concerns the environment.</p> <p>20. Investigate to find out more facts about the topics through research work and exploring internet as guided by the teachers.</p> <p>21. Share their experiences from visits/field trips with family or school to places like big bazars, malls, water purification plant etc.</p>
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Class -IV

Subject/Skill	Pedagogical Technique	Learning outcome
Languages	<p>Individual activities, Working in groups of two, Small group activities- Poem recitations, Loud reading sessions, Role plays, Dramatizations, Posters/Pamphlets reading, Reading newspaper headlines, Just a Minute Rounds, Show and Tell sessions, Turn-a Coat sessions, Changing the climax of a story sessions, Dictations of words and short paragraphs, Spell bee.</p>	<p>Through these pedagogical techniques, by the end of the academic year 2021-22, the majority of students of class IV will be able to-</p> <p>1. Read the text and recite poem with correct pronunciation, intonation and pause as required.</p> <p>2. Present short portions of the stories read, in form of small skits or drama by recognising the different</p>

Writing short answers based on stories and poems read independently.
Cross words Comprehend words that apply to mathematical, and EVS concepts.
Cross-questioning technique, Expression sessions Password technique
Games/Smart Modules/ Exercises on correct use of nouns, articles, pronouns, adjectives, verbs, adverbs, degrees of comparison, correct tenses prepositions, conjunctions in speech,

characters and speaking their dialogues with expressions, voice modulation.
3. Comprehend the text read by stating the main idea, details, sequence of incidents, talk about the main characters of the story, draw meaningful conclusions and values from the story or poem read. Relate the learnings to themselves.
4. Comprehend the message printed on posters, pamphlets, headlines printed in the newspapers, subtitles on news channels demonstrate their understanding in words.
5. Spell and write trickier words, compose age appropriate sentences using adjectives to add details and answer the questions correctly following the rules of capitalisation with correct use of punctuation marks like comma, full stop, question mark, apostrophe, quotation marks, semi colon and exclamation.
6. Incorporate words like firstly, first of all, then, secondly, next, later to bring clarity in writing when sequencing is required in a piece of writing.
7. Present their thoughts on general topics in the JAM and show and tell sessions.
8. Share their experiences on day to day activities, general topics in a structured and sequential manner.
9. Apply the newly learnt vocabulary from lessons and the 'Password of the day' technique, in their daily conversation.
10. Comprehend the meaning of new vocabulary when read in a sentence by understanding the context of the text.

		<p>11. Apply the grammar concepts correctly to frame sentences and answers using the correct tenses.</p> <p>12. Comprehend and follow the simple but multiple instructions given.</p> <p>13. Solve cross words with minor help from the teacher.</p> <p>14. Produce sketch by paying attention to the details of the sketch to make them look more presentable, diagrams with proper markings, labelling, illustrations, and cartoons to express their ideas through art as a medium.</p> <p>15. Construct meaningful and situation based questions that involve skills of application, analysis, and comparison for the peer group to answer.</p> <p>16. Explain their thoughts, opinion, and understanding about the story orally and talk about the characters in the story highlighting their major character traits.</p> <p>17. Modify and explain a different climax of the stories read with little guidance from the teacher.</p>
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Maths	Individual activities, Working in groups of two, Small group activities	Through these pedagogical techniques, by the end of the academic year 2021-22, the majority of students of class IV will be able to-
	Formulation of multiplication facts through skip counting and extended tables, Multiplying numbers in expanded form, Mental Calculations Mental Math exercises, Division through grouping method, Formulating questions based on	<p>1. Multiply 2 and 3 digit numbers in daily life situations with ease.</p> <p>2. Divide a number using different methods like pictorial, repeated subtraction, grouping, deriving a relationship between multiplication and division.</p>

mathematical facts, Solving mathematical problems in groups, Correlating fractional numbers to real life, Representing fractions through paper folding and shading a part of a whole, Using compass and scale to draw circles of different length of radius, Conversion of rupees into paisa and vice versa, Making bills, Making estimates and verifying by measuring, Using weigh scales, Exploring calendar using Higher Order Thinking skills, Collecting, organising and studying data, Reading and interpreting bar graphs

3. Apply the operation of multiplication and subtraction in daily life situations.
4. Identify half, one-fourth, three-fourth of a whole by paper folding.
5. Represent a fraction as half, one fourth and three-fourth by using numerals.
6. Show the equivalence of a fraction with other fractions.
7. Identify the centre, radius and diameter of the circle.
8. Recognise shapes that can be used for tiling
9. Create cubes and cuboids using the given nets.
10. Represent the concept of symmetry through paper folding/ paper cutting, etc. by reflection
11. Create top view, front view and side view of objects of daily use.
12. Calculate the perimeter of 2 D shapes.
13. Convert meters into centimetres and centimetres into meters.
14. Give answers to questions related to daily life situations like finding length, distance, weight, volume and time involving four basic arithmetic operations.
15. Read time on clock in hour and minutes and write the time using the terms a.m. and p.m.
16. Read and relate to 24 hour clock with respect to 12 hour clock.
17. Calculate time intervals and duration of familiar daily life events like lunch break, duration of periods, play time, sleeping time etc.
18. Identify the pattern in multiplication and division up to multiples of 9
19. Observe, identify and extend

		<p>geometrical patterns based on symmetry</p> <p>20. Represent the collected information in form of tables, bar graphs and draw inferences or conclusion from them.</p>
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EVS	Individual activities, Working in groups of two, Small group activities-	Through these pedagogical techniques, by the end of the academic year 2021-22, the majority of students of class IV will be able to-
	<p>Observations, Exploration, Questioning technique, Quiz, Research work, Group Discussions, Field trips, Visits with family, Experience sharing sessions, Finding similarities and differences, Collecting objects, Analysing situations and suggesting possible results or solutions, Poster making, Collage making, Waste segregation, Utilization of waste, Awareness drives and activities, Questions and discussions based on critical thinking, Reading posters, pamphlets, signboards</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify parts of various plants and explain their functions in detail and differentiate between them on the basis of shape, colour, aroma, place where they grow, fruits in immediate surroundings. 2. Identify different features of animals like beak, teeth, claws, ears, hair, nests/shelters, etc. of birds and animals. 3. Identify relationship with and among family members in extended family. 4. Explain the behaviour of animals and the shelters they take or build like ants, bees, elephants, birds 5. Describe the different types work that people take up as their occupation

to earn their living that require special skills like farming, construction, art and craft, etc.

6. Discuss the role of training in institutions that prepares a person to take up a job

7. Explain the process of producing and procuring items of daily need like crops from field to market and then to home, water from local source and different ways of its purification at city level and at home.

8. Discuss how the change in technology has effected or changed various things of daily use like transport, currency, houses, materials used to build houses, tools, skills and ways of farming, construction, etc.

9. Group the animals, birds, plants, objects, waste material on the basis of observable features like appearance ears, hair, beaks, teeth, texture of skin, surface, instincts domestic and wild animals, fruits, vegetable, pulses and spices, their shelf life, uses like edibility, medicinal, decoration, any other, reusability, traits smell-taste, likes, etc.

10. Guess the properties, conditions of phenomena, estimate quantities in terms of distance, weight, time, duration in standard and local units like kilograms and verify using simple tools.

11. Establish relation between cause and effect of various processes like evaporation, condensation; dissolution, absorption etc.

12. Record observations, experiences, related to events, objects, activities, phenomena, places visited like fair, festivals, historical place, field trip, shopping centres in different ways.

13. Identify signs, locations, places and

guides for the directions by noticing the landmarks, signboards in neighbourhood or any public place using maps.

14. Use the information on signboards, posters, currency, railway ticket, time table.

15. Give opinion on issues observed or experienced in family, school, and neighbourhood.

16. Make appropriate choices and decision by examining the situations critically.

17. Solve problems, suggests ways for hygiene, reduce, reuse, recycle and takes care of different living beings like plants, animals, and the elderly, differently abled people, resources like food, water, and public property.

18. Create posters, collages on environment related issues or needs like banning the use of plastic, planting trees, keeping the city clean, minimising the noise, water and air pollution, making optimum use of natural resources.

19. Participate actively in awareness drives.

20. Create usable things using waste materials.

21. Analyse different situations critically and suggest different ways to solve problems and issues that concerns the environment.

22. Investigate to find out more facts about the topics through research work and exploring internet as guided by the teachers.

23. Share their experiences from visits/field trips with

family or school to places like big bazars, malls, water purification plant

		etc.
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Class-V

Subject/Skill	Pedagogical Technique	Learning outcome
Language	<p>Individual activities, Working in groups of two, Small group activities- Poem recitations, Loud reading sessions, Role plays, Dramatizations, Posters/Pamphlets reading, Reading newspaper headlines, Just a Minute Rounds, Show and Tell sessions, Turn-a Coat sessions, Changing the climax of a story sessions, Dictations of words and short paragraphs, Spell bee, Writing short answers based on stories and poems read independently. Cross words Comprehend words that apply to mathematical, and EVS concepts. Cross-questioning technique, Expression sessions Password technique Games/Smart Modules/ Exercises on correct use of nouns, articles,</p>	<p>Through these pedagogical techniques, by the end of the academic year 2021-22, the majority of students of class V will be able to-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Read the text and recite poem with correct pronunciation, intonation and pause, expressions and actions/gestures/ body language as required. 2. Present the stories read, in form of full-fledged skits or dramas by taking up the different characters and speaking their dialogues with expressions, voice modulation using their body language. 3. Comprehend the text read by stating the main idea as well as the hidden idea, details, sequence of incidents, talk about all the characters of the story, draw meaningful conclusions and values from the story or poem read. Relate the learnings to themselves and do exercises like self-evaluation to bring about a positive change in their behaviour and attitude. 4. Comprehend and explain the message printed on posters, pamphlets, articles printed in the newspapers, magazines, news flashing on news channels, demonstrate their understanding and express their thought on the topic. 5. Attempt to spell difficult words by understanding the structure of the

word, compose age detailed sentences using adjectives to add details and answer long questions correctly following the rules of capitalisation with correct use of punctuation marks like comma, full stop, question mark, apostrophe, quotation marks, semi colon and exclamation.

6. Present their thoughts on age appropriate research based or facts based topics in the JAM sessions.

7. Answer in written or oral form to long questions

8. Comprehend and follow the age appropriate multiple and complex instructions given.

9. Read, comprehend and explain news and magazine articles in their own words using the key words in correct context.

10. Frame meaningful and explanatory questions to interview people belonging to different fields like doctors, teachers, managers etc.

11. Differentiate between homophones and select the correct word in writing.

12. Selects appropriate synonyms and antonyms in writing.

13. Explain the central idea of a story, paragraph, and article both verbally and in written form within the time limit or word limit using key words without compromising on the content.

14. Connect ideas gathered from reading, listening, viewing things that are inter-related.

15. Refer to a dictionary as and when needed.

16. Attempt to write stories, poems,

		<p>posters, etc.</p> <p>17. Express their thoughts on topics like peace, equality etc. suggesting personal views in a polite manner.</p> <p>18. Search the internet to find the back ground, famous works of different writers, poets etc.</p>
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<p>Maths</p>	<p>Individual activities, Working in groups of two, Small group activities-</p> <p>Counting and representing numbers beyond 1000, Addition and subtraction of large numbers, Division through equal distribution and inverse process of multiplication, Estimate the results of number operation through approximation followed by verification, Developing multiples of a number through its multiplication facts, Skip counting on a number line and number grid, Develop the concept of factors through division of numbers and multiples, Develop fractions from real life situations, Compare fractions, Develop the idea of equivalence fractions, Observe angles in their surroundings, compare and measure them, Using a protractor, Noticing symmetry, Explore shapes, Make a shopping list to estimate expenditure, Conduct role play as shopkeepers and customers, Measure length of different objects, Recognise the need of converting bigger</p>	<p>Through these pedagogical techniques, by the end of the academic year 2019-20, the majority of students of class V will be able to-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Read and write numbers bigger than 1000 using the place value system. 2. Perform addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of numbers beyond 1000 by using the concept of place value of numbers. 3. Divide a number by another number using various relatable methods like equal distribution and inverse multiplication process. 4. Predict estimates of sum, difference, product, quotient of numbers and verify the same using different strategies like using standard algorithms or breaking a number and then using operation. 5. Develop the idea of multiples of a number through its multiplication facts, skip counting on a number line and number grid 6. Use situations from daily life in activities to develop understanding about fractional part of the group. 7. Compare fractions through different
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units into smaller units, Measure volume by counting the number of cubes that can fill a given space,
Explore patterns in numbers while doing various operations, Collect information and display it in a pictorial form.
Interpretation of various diagrams, bar charts.

- ways like paper folding, shading of diagram, cutting paper.
8. Develop the idea of equivalent fractions through paper folding and shading.
 9. Identify and form equivalent fractions of a given fraction.
 10. Convert fractions into decimals.
 11. Convert decimals into fractions.

 12. Observe angles in their surroundings and compare them, then classify them.
 13. Confirm angles as right angles, acute angles, obtuse angles and represent the same by drawing them in the notebook.
 14. Use protractor as a tool for measuring angles and use it to measure and draw angles as instructed by the teacher.
 15. Identify 2D shapes from the immediate environment that have rotation and reflection symmetry like alphabet and shapes.
 16. Make cube, cylinder and cone using nets designed for this purpose
 17. Relate commonly used larger and smaller units of length, weight and volume.
 18. Convert larger units to smaller units and vice versa.
 19. Estimate the volume of a solid body in known units like volume of a bucket is about 20 times that of a mug.
 20. Apply addition, subtraction, multiplication and division in solving problems involving money, length, mass, capacity and time intervals.
 21. Identify the pattern in triangular number and square number.
 22. Collect data related to daily life situations, represents it in tabular

form, bar graphs and interpret it.

SCIENCE	Individual activities, Working in groups of two, Small group activities- Observations Exploration Questioning technique. Quiz Research work Group Discussions Field trips Visits with family. Experience sharing sessions. Finding similarities and differences. Collecting objects. Analysing situations and suggesting possible results or solutions. Poster making Collage making Waste segregation Utilization of waste Awareness drives and activities. Questions and discussions based on critical thinking. Reading posters, pamphlets, signboards	Through these pedagogical techniques, by the end of the academic year 2021-22, the majority of students of class V will be able to- 1. Describe the interdependence among animals, plants and humans. 2. Establish linkage among terrain, climate, resources food, water, shelter, livelihood and cultural life 3. Explain the use of technology and the process of accessing basic needs food, water etc. in our daily life. 4. Explain the role and functions of different institutions in daily life like bank, panchayat, cooperatives, police station, etc. 5. Group objects, materials, activities for features and properties such as shape, taste, colour, texture, sound, traits etc. 6. Evaluate the changes in practices, customs, techniques of past and present through coins, paintings, monuments, museum etc. 7. Identify different historical monuments and describe the facts and significant features related to them 8. Locate important historical sites on city maps. 9. Appreciate the sacrifice of freedom fighters by explaining the struggle they went through to gain freedom. 10. Evaluate the changes in cultivation, conservation, festivals, clothes, transport, materials or tools, occupations, buildings and houses, practices activities like cooking, eating, working 11. Observe and explain the properties
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like floating, sinking, mixing, evaporation, germination, spoilage, breathing, taste, conditions of phenomena, estimate quantities distance, area, volume, weight etc. and time in simple standard units and verify using simple tools.

12. Record observations and experiences, information in an organised manner like in tables, sketches, and predict patterns in activities and phenomena e.g., floating, sinking, mixing, evaporation, germination, spoilage to establish relation between cause and effect.

13. Recognise that Earth is a unique celestial body due to existence of life.

14. Demonstrate the causing of day and night, seasons

15. Locate continents and oceans on the world map

16. Identify latitudes and longitudes like poles, equator, tropics, states, union territories of India and other neighbouring countries on globe and the world map

17. locate physical features of India such as mountains, plateaus, plains, rivers, deserts

18. Identify signs, directions, location of different landmarks in a locality, place visited on maps and predict directions in context of position at different places for a location.

19. Create posters, diagrams models, local dishes, sketches, maps of neighbourhood, different places visited using a variety of material and write poems, slogans etc.

20. Voice opinions on issues observed or experienced and relates practices and happenings to larger issues of society like hygiene, health, managing

		<p>waste, disaster emergency situations and protecting and saving resources.</p> <p>21. Show sensitivity for the deprived segments of the society, suggest ways to help them and contribute in different ways towards their development.</p> <p>22. Create posters, collages on environment related issues or needs like banning the use of plastic, planting trees, keeping the city clean, minimising the noise, water and air pollution, making optimum use of natural resources.</p> <p>23. Participate actively in awareness drives.</p> <p>24. Create usable things using waste materials.</p> <p>25. Analyse different situations critically and suggest different ways to solve problems and issues that concerns the environment.</p> <p>26. Investigate to find out more facts about the topics through research work and exploring internet as guided by the teachers.</p> <p>27. Share their experiences from visits/field trips with family or school to places like big bazars, malls, water purification plant etc.</p>
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STD- VI To VIII

LANGUAGES

STD-VI

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities in groups/individual and pair work:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Developing Language Across the 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able listening, s listening, speaking, reading, writing and thinking in an intemanner.</p>

<p>Curriculum</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Building familiarity with the language ➤ Teaching through conversations, instructions and listening to the poems, talks, movies and serials. ➤ Reading aloud/decoding ➤ Scanning a text ➤ Reading for given information ➤ Reading for inferences /Extended reading ➤ Summarise orally the stories ,poems and written text ➤ Find out the sequences of events, through main idea, summary through group discussion ➤ Interpretation of the data and analyse writing the short paragraphs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ To develop interpersonal communication skills. ➤ Attain basic proficiency like, developing ability to express one’s thoughts orally and in writing in a meaningful way in English language. ➤ Interpret and understand instructions and polite forms of expression and respond meaningfully both orally and in writing. ➤ Develop reference skills both printed and electronic mode. ➤ Read the varieties of text identify the main idea, character, and summarize the context. ➤ Respond to the familiar and unfamiliar text verbally and in writing also ➤ Drafts the notices, brochures ,newspapers, charts, letters and pamphlets using correct vocabulary ➤ Respond to the instructions using correct intonation and clarity ➤ Participate in role plays ,enactments ,debates and declamations ➤ Recite poems ,riddles independently orally
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STD-VII

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities In groups/individual and pair work:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Listening to songs /poetry/news talks prose ext of English literature. ▪ Participate in class assembly, school assembly, interschool and intra school c ompetitions. ▪ Watch and listen to the English movies and songs, documentaries, radio talks, shows, discussion and debates. ▪ Share their experiences of journeys, trips, 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able to:</p> <p>listening, speaking, reading, writing and thinking in an manner</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Express the same in his/her own language with correct tone and voice modulation. ▪ Speak in a confident manner and equally participate in debates, dramas and skits at all level in groups or individually. ▪ Engage themselves more frequently and relate

<p>excursions and visits in groups or individually.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Summarise and explain the written text orally or in written form unseen or seen passages. <p>(Text from any source)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Skimming, scanning and reading of the given text. ▪ Learning the vocabulary of the related to the text from various sources and co relate to the other text. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Using of grammar through variety of situations ➤ (nouns,verbs,adjectives,pronouns,gerunds) ➤ Think critically on inputs based on reading and interaction and try to provide suggestion/solutions to the problems raised. ➤ Know the features of various types of writing: messages, emails, notice, letter, report, short personal/ biographical experiences. ➤ Create their own stories, dramas, skits, reports, poems, dialogues and scripts writing. 	<p>it with real life situation and will use the same vocabulary in daily life also will be able to respond to various situations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Write and explore his ideas in the written form using correct grammar and vocabulary. ▪ Evaluate the written text, able to comprehend the text as well as able to use the read vocabulary in their daily use of language. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Ask and respond to the text read and be able to write in their own language in the form of diary entry, report or dialogue writing. ➤ Think and relate to their daily text and usage of it in the correct manner in the written and oral form. ➤ Use the dictionary, thesaurus and encyclopaedia for referring to the new words coming while reading. ➤ Write independently the various form of written text using correct vocabulary as well as the appropriate language and sentence structure. ➤ Independent writing skill will be developed with the required amount of known vocabulary and language. ➤ Writes descriptions / narratives showing sensitivity to gender, environment and appreciation of cultural diversity ➤ Writing of dialogues from a story and story from dialogues.
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STD-VIII

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities In groups/individual and pair work:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Listening to songs /poetry/newstalks prose text of English literature. ➤ Participate in class assembly, school assembly, interschool and intraschool 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ listening, speaking, reading, writing and thinking in an manner ➤ Express the same in his/her own language with correct tone and voice modulation. ➤ Speak in a confident manner and equally

competitions.

- Watch and listen to the English movies and songs, documentaries, radio talks, shows, discussion and debates.
- Share their experiences of journeys, trips, excursions and visits in groups or individually.
- orally or in written form unseen or seen passages.
- (Text from any source)
- Skimming, scanning and reading of the given text.

- Learning the vocabulary of the related to the text from various sources and co relate to the other text.
- Using of grammar through variety of situations (nouns, verbs, adjectives, pronouns, gerunds participate in grammar games and kinaesthetic activities for language learning
- Think critically on inputs based on reading and interaction and try to provide suggestion/solutions to the problems raised. Think critically, compare and contrast characters/events/ideas/themes and relate them to life and try to give opinions about issues.
- Know the features of various types of writing: messages, emails, notice, letter, report, short personal/ biographical experiences.
- Create their own stories, dramas, skits, reports, poems, dialogues and scripts writing.
- Appreciate the written text, analyse the characters of the stories written by various authors or writers.

participate in debates, dramas and skits at all level in groups or individually.

- Engage themselves more frequently and relate it with real life situation and will use the same vocabulary in daily life also will be able to respond to various situations.
- correct grammar and vocabulary.
- Evaluate the written text, able to comprehend the text as well as able to use the read vocabulary in their daily use of language.

- Ask and respond to the text read and be able to write in their own language in the form of diary entry, report or dialogue writing.
- Think and relate to their daily text and usage of it in the correct manner in the written and oral form.
- Use the dictionary, thesaurus and encyclopaedia for referring to the new words coming while reading.
- Write independently the various form of written text using correct vocabulary as well as the appropriate language and sentence structure.
- Independent writing skill will be developed with the required amount of known vocabulary and language.
- Prepares a write up after seeking information in print

/ online, notice board, newspaper, etc.

Communicates accurately using appropriate grammatical forms (e.g., clauses, comparison of adjectives, time and tense, active and passive voice, reported speech).

- Writes descriptions / narratives showing sensitivity to gender, environment and appreciation of cultural diversity. Writes a coherent and meaningful paragraph through the process of drafting, revising, editing and finalising.
- Writing of dialogues from a story and story from dialogues.

- Write their own stories, descriptive paragraphs, reports, dairy entry.
- Writes a Book Review. Creating their own book of short stories or poems. Writing for school magazines.

STD-VI ToVIII –SCIENCE

STD-VI

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities In groups/individual and pair work in an inclusive setup :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Explore surroundings, natural processes, phenomena using senses by seeing, touching, tasting, smelling, hearing. ▪ Finding questions and find answers through reflection, discussion, designing and performing appropriate activities, role plays, debates, use of ICT ▪ Record the observations during the activity, experiments, surveys, field trips. ▪ Analyse the recorded data, interpret results and draw inference/ make generalisations and share findings with peers and adults. ▪ Internalise, acquire and appreciate values such as cooperation, collaboration, honest reporting, judicious use of resources as well sensitise 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able to:</p> <p>Relate all the key concepts to the real life situations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identifies materials and organisms, such as, plant fibres, flowers, on the basis of observable features, such as appearance, texture, function, aroma and medicinal values and usage in daily life. ▪ Classify living and non living, habitat, biotic and abiotic, different habitat and adaptations. Will be able to explain the different habitats using skit or drama form as (jungle safari). ▪ Identifies the Morphological structure and function of root, stem and leaves. Structure of flowers, differences using the lab observations. Structure and functional of the animal body Human skeleton system some other animals (fish, bird, cockroach). <p>Differentiate between Soluble and insoluble and saturated and unsaturated solutions. Explain the processes and phenomena of electricity and magnetism .Type of solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Conduct the simple investigation about how shadows are formed and principle of light .How images and shadows are formed. They will be able to sensitise the importance of water and the natural resources in the form of play or drama for the local public.

- Understand how to work in a group with collaboration.

STD-VII

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities in groups/individual and pair work in an inclusive setup :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Explore surroundings, natural processes, phenomena using senses by seeing, touching, tasting, smelling, hearing. ▪ Finding questions and find answers through reflection, discussion, designing and performing appropriate activities, role plays, debates, use of ICT. ▪ Record the observations during the activity, experiments, surveys, field trips. ▪ Analyse the recorded data, interpret results and draw inference/ make generalisations and share findings with peers and adults. ▪ Internalise, acquire and appreciate values such as cooperation, collaboration, honest reporting, judicious use of resources as well sensitise. ▪ 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able to:</p> <p>Relate all the key concepts to the real life situations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Differentiate between autotrophs and hetrotrophs, types of fibres, acid bases and salts mode of reproductions ,conduction, convention and radiation ▪ Classify natural and synthetic fibres, types of chemical reactions, types of soils, types of reproductions, types of motions by discussing, using ICT skills and find answers after the explanation of the content by the teachers. ▪ Identify types of soil types of motions types of chemical reactions doing hand on experiments in the lab and making he observation of the same. Able to explain the process of convection and conduction ▪ Analyse the date on different speed and motion of objects different images formed by lenses and mirrors, magnetic effect of current by doing some finding from daily life experiences or data collected from Internet. ▪ Conduct simple investigation on finding acids bases and salts, working of electromagnets, slow and fast motions, and transportation of material in animals by doing research work. ▪ Plot and interpret distance time graphs ▪ Draw labelled diagrams of digestive system, respiratory system ▪ Sensitise about the use of water, rain water harvesting uses of forests conservation of forests by small enactments, short skit, play dramatization. ▪ Appreciate different scientific inventions.

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STD-VIII

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities In groups/individual and pair work in an inclusive setup :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Explore surroundings, natural processes, phenomena using senses by seeing, touching, tasting, smelling, hearing. ▪ Finding questions and find answers through reflection, discussion, designing and performing appropriate activities, role plays, debates, use of ICT. ▪ Record the observations during the activity, experiments, surveys, field trips. ▪ Analyse the recorded data, interpret results and draw inference/ make generalisations and share findings with peers and adults. ▪ Internalise, acquire and appreciate values such as cooperation, collaboration, honest reporting, judicious use of resources as well sensitise. 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able to:</p> <p>Able to relate all the key concepts to the real life situations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Differentiate materials and organisms, such as, natural and human made fibres; contact and non-contact forces; liquids as electrical conductors and insulators; plant and animal cells; viviparous and oviparous animals, sexual and asexual reproduction physical and chemical properties of metals on the basis of their properties, structure and functions. ▪ Classify the types of microorganisms, synthetic fibres metals and non metals, exhaustible and inexhaustible resources, types of forces audible and inaudible sounds using ICT skills role-plays and group discussions. ▪ Conduct simple experiments on reactions of metals and non metals. Conditions required for combustion, factors affecting friction electric current and conductivity. Record the observations made on law of reflection and types of reflections and will evaluate the different forces applied on the various objects and friction is related to the various movements. ▪ Analyse of different sound effects, chemical effect of current, Images formed by different mirrors and lenses. Defects of visions. ▪ Write the different chemical equations for the reactions of metals and non metals with their ores. ▪ Prepare and observe the slides of different microorganisms. ▪ Construction of different ray diagrams as when lenses positioned at different places.

- Doing the role play, drama ,skit they will be able to sensitise the judicious use of the natural resources.

Mathematics [STD-VI to VIII]

STD-VI

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities In groups/individual and pair work in an inclusive setup :</p> <p>Develop a connection between daily life and mathematical thinking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Move from concrete ideas of numbers to number sense ▪ Make relationships between numbers and looks for patterns in relationship and applies concept related to variables, expressions, equations, identities, etc. ▪ Collect, represent (graphically and in tables) and interpret data/information from her/his life experiences. ▪ Compare numbers through situations like cost of two things n money transactions. ▪ Classify numbers on the basis of their properties like prime, composite. Observe patterns that lead to divisibility by 2,3,4,5,6,8,10 and 11. Make number patterns through which HCF and LCM <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Discuss and solves word problems that use ratios and unitary method. ▪ Explore various shapes through concrete models and pictures of different geometrical shapes like triangles and rectangles and lab activity making hands on. ▪ Identify various geometrical figures and observe their characteristics in and outside the classroom environment either individually or in groups. 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able to:</p> <p>Able to relate all the key concepts to the real life situations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Solving problems using large number system with operations (addition,subtraction,multiplication ,division) ▪ Recognise the pattern and classify into various categories of number system ▪ Use of fractions, decimals and data collections to solve real life problems. ▪ Compare the quantities related to real life by apply the formula of ratio and proportion ▪ Apply mathematical operation in real life situation to solve and relate the problems method of HCF,LCM and negative integers. Explore daily life situations to involve the use of HCF and LCM Creating the use of negative numbers in daily life ▪ Compute the numbers mentally using the divisibility test without doing the actual calculations. ▪ Calculating the numbers with different operations to generalise a given situation. ▪ Compares quantities using ratios in different situations. e.g., the ratio of men to women in particular state, the ratio of mangoes to apples. <p>rent shapes with the help of available materials like sticks, g</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Explore the concept of angles through some examples like opening the window, opening the pencil box. Students can be asked to give more such examples from the surroundings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Observing various shapes (2D and 3D) like faces edges and vertices, cube, cuboid of same kind to relate them to the geometrical figures taught in class. ▪ Identify the 2D and 3D objects and classify into various types of quadrilaterals. ▪ Using it to compute the perimeter and area of the given figures (2D and 3D) ▪ Computing the cost of painting the wall and tiling the floor.
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STD-VII

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities in groups/individual and pair work in an inclusive setup :</p> <p>Develop a connection between daily life and mathematical thinking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provide contexts for finding the rules of multiplication and division of integers. This can be done through number line or number patterns. ▪ Explore the multiplication/ division of fractions/decimals through pictures/Lab activities /daily life examples ▪ Explore the possible combination of variable and constant using algebraic expression ▪ Evolve the concept of ratio and Proportion to be used in the real life ▪ Calculate the linear equations in one variable ▪ Visualise the relationship between various pairs of angles when a transversal cuts two lines (parallel and non-parallel), angles of triangle and relationship among its sides through diagrams ▪ Explore the properties of triangles and establish the relationship between the complimentary and supplementary angles. ▪ Demonstrate the construction of a line parallel to the given line from a point outside it through students' active participation using correct 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able to:</p> <p>Able to relate all the key concepts to the real life situations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Promoting the reasoning and thinking skill by doing activity based tasks. ▪ Use the algorithm to calculate the addition of fractions and decimals ▪ Plotting the same using number line the values of fractions and decimals. ▪ Solving the problems related to real life situation using Rational numbers. ▪ Calculating the algebraic expression using the operations of integers and using variable and constants. ▪ Distinguish the quantities in ratios and proportion by applying in the real problem solving situations. ▪ Distinguish the use of ratio and proportion in daily life situations. ▪ Compute the values for finding ages using linear equations. ▪ Classify the pair of angles based on their properties as linear, supplementary, complementary, adjacent and vertically opposite and finds value of the one when the other is given. ▪ Verify the properties of triangles using various

<p>measurements.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Find out the use of percentage in their real life and its importance by problem solving ▪ Evaluate the speed and plot distance time graphs ▪ Collection of data from the real life data available. Draw inferences for future events from the existing data 	<p>figures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Finds unknown angle of a triangle when its two angles are known. Explains congruency of triangles on the basis of the information given about them like (SSS, SAS, ASA, RHS) ▪ Using the protractor, scale constructs the various figures with accurate measurements. ▪ Calculates areas of the regions enclosed in a rectangle and a square. ▪ Compute the percentage of population using the formulas with accuracy. ▪ Plotting of distance time graphs using the real life data available. ▪ Finding and computing a representative value of data i.e. mean, mode or median of ungrouped data. Encouraging them to arrange it in a tabular form and representing it by bar graphs. ▪ Evaluating the various values for the given data to draw the clear inferences.
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STD-VIII

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities in groups/individual and pair work in an inclusive setup :</p> <p>Develop a connection between daily life and mathematical thinking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Explore examples of rational numbers with all the operations and explore patterns in these operations. ▪ Explore patterns in square numbers, square roots, cubes and cube roots of numbers and form rules for exponents as integer. Explore situations that lead to simple equations and encourage them to solve using suitable processes. ▪ Experiences of multiplying two algebraic expressions and different polynomials may be provided based on their previous knowledge of distributive property of numbers and generalise 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able to:</p> <p>Able to relate all the key concepts to the real life situations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Generalise the properties of arithmetic operations. Using Number patterns. ▪ Finding rational numbers between two rational numbers ▪ Finds squares, cubes and square roots and cube roots of numbers using different methods. Solves problems with integral exponents. Solves puzzles and daily life problems using variables. Multiplies algebraic expression. ▪ Apply the concept of VAT using the formulas used for finding the percentages in real life problems. ▪ Solves problems based on direct and inverse

<p>various algebraic identities using concrete examples.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ May be provided that involve the use of percentages in contexts like discount, profit & loss, VAT, simple and compound interest, etc. ▪ Provide various situations to generalise the formula of compound interests through repeated use of simple interest. ▪ Encourage children to identify situations in which both ▪ Verify the properties of parallelograms and apply reasoning by doing activities such as constructing parallelograms, drawing their diagonals and measuring their sides and angles. express/represent a 3-D shape into its 2-D form from their daily life like , drawing a box on a plane surface, showing bottles on paper, board or wall etc. ▪ Make nets of various shapes like cuboids, cubes, pyramids, prisms, etc. From nets let them make the shapes and establish relationship among vertices, edges and surfaces. 	<p>proportions Solves problems related to angles of a quadrilateral using angle sum property.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Constructs different quadrilaterals using compasses and straight edge. ▪ Estimates the area of shapes like trapezium and other. Polygons by using square grid/graph sheet and verify using formulas. Finds the area of a polygon. Finds surface area and volume of cuboidal and cylindrical object. Draws and interprets bar charts and pie charts. ▪ Use probability to find out about number of throw using dices. ▪ Collection data organise it into groups and represent it into bar graphs/ pie chart ▪ Demonstrating the construction of various quadrilaterals using geometric kit. Sketch the figure of trapezium and other polygons in the given graph paper and asked student to estimate their areas using counting of unit square. Deriving the formula for calculating area of trapezium using the areas of triangle and rectangle (square). ▪ Deriving formulae for surface area of cubes and cuboids using the formulae for areas of rectangles, squares and circles use lab activities
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Social Studies (STD-VI to VIII)

STD-VI

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities In groups/individual and pair work in an inclusive setup :</p> <p>Develop a connection between daily life and critical thinking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Use diagrams, models and audio-visual materials to understand motions of the earth. Observe stars, planets, satellite (Moon), eclipse ▪ To understand astronomical phenomena. Use globe for understanding latitudes and longitudes 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able to:</p> <p>Able to relate all the key concepts to the real life situations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Differentiate between stars, planets and satellites e.g. Sun, Earth and Moon. Recognizes that the earth is a unique celestial body due to existence of life, zones of the earth with special reference to biosphere. Demonstrates day & night and seasons. Locates directions on the flat

use diagrams for understanding lithosphere, hydrosphere, atmosphere and biosphere explore maps for locating continents, oceans, seas, States/UTs of India, India and its neighbouring countries, physical feature of India such as mountains, plateaus, plains, deserts, rivers.

- Discuss superstitions linked to eclipses. Use pictures, drawings of different types of sources to read, explain, discuss these to understand how historians have interpreted these to reconstruct history of ancient India.

- Participate in a discussion on the concepts of diversity, discrimination, government, and livelihood. Observe examples of fair/unfair treatments to people meted out in the family, school, society, etc. study from the text and direct observation of

functioning of a Gram Panchayat or a municipality/corporation (according to the place a student lives). Understand the role of governance in society, and the difference between affairs of a family and those of a village/city. describe case studies of nearby localities/villages in respect of occupation

surface and continents & oceans on the world map. Identifies latitudes and longitudes, e.g., poles, equator, tropics,

- States/UTs of India and other neighbouring countries on globe and the world map, locates physical features of India such as mountains, plateaus, plains, rivers, desert. on the map of India. Draws neighbourhood map showing scale, direction, and features with the help of conventional symbols.

- Examines critically the superstitions related to eclipses.

- Identifies different types of sources (archaeological, literary etc.) and describes their use in reconstruction of history of this period. Locates important historical sites, places on an outline map of India.

- Recognises distinctive features of early human cultures and explains their growth.

- Lists out significant contributions of important kingdoms.

- Describes issues, events, personalities mentioned in literary works of the time.

Describes the implications of India's contacts with regions outside. India in the fields of religion, art, architecture, etc. Outlines India's significant contributions in culture and science.

- Recognises various forms of discrimination and understands the nature and sources of discrimination. Differentiates between equality and inequality in various forms to treat them in a healthy way. Describes the role of government, especially at the local level.

- Explaining the various levels of the government – local, state and union.

STD-VII

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
The learner will be given the opportunities In	Using the Pedagogical solutions the students

groups/individual and pair work in an inclusive setup :

Develop a connection between daily life and critical thinking.

- Involve with key concepts like ecosystem, atmosphere, disasters, weather, climate, climatic regions, etc. using meaningful explanations and appropriate resources.
- Discuss and share their observations and experiences regarding various aspects of the environment- e.g. components of natural and human made environments, flora and fauna in different ecosystems/climatic regions, kinds of pollution, sources of fresh water in their surroundings, etc.
- Read globe and maps for identifying historical places/kingdoms, climatic regions, and other resources. use diagrams/ models/visuals/audio-visual materials for understanding interior of the earth, formation of different types of landforms, movements of water in the ocean, etc.
- Collect samples and identify different types of rocks from the vicinity, surrounding
- Participate in mock drill for earthquakes or other disasters. Discuss factors, both natural and human-made that cause disasters like tsunamis, floods, earthquakes, etc.
- Discuss similarities and differences in the life of people in different natural regions of the world.
- Participate in a discussion on the concepts of democracy, equality, State Government,

gender, media and advertising. Prepare posters with drawings and pictures on the significance of the Constitution, Preamble, right to equality and struggles for equality.

will be able to:

Able to relate all the key concepts to the real life situations.

- Identifies major layers of the earth's interior, rock types, layers of the atmosphere in a diagram. Locates distribution and extent of different climatic regions on the world map or globe. Explains preventive actions to be undertaken in the event of disasters e.g. earthquake, floods, droughts. Describes formation of landforms due to various factors/events.
- Evaluating composition and structure of the atmosphere. Describes different components of the environment and the interrelationship between them. Analyzes factors contributing to pollution in their surroundings and lists measures to prevent it.
- Reasons factors leading to diversity in flora and fauna due to various factors e.g. climate, landforms, etc. Reflects on the factors leading to disasters and calamities.
- Draws interrelationship between climatic regions and life of people living in different climatic regions.
- Analyses factors that impact development of specific regions. Provides examples of sources used to study various periods in history. Relates key historical developments during medieval period occurring in one place with another.
- Explains the significance of equality in democracy. Differentiate between political equality, economic equality, and social equality.
- Explains the functioning of media with appropriate examples from newspapers. Creates an advertisement.
- Differentiates between different kinds of markets, traces how goods travel through various market places.
- Organising awareness drives in one's own locality about sanitation, public health and road safety. Visit any office under the state government (e.g. electricity bill office) in one's

	<p>own locality to observe its functioning and prepare a brief report.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Undertaking case studies and projects about local markets and shopping complexes through field visits. ▪ Doing projects about types of advertisements and create advertisements about the need to save water and energy
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STD-VIII

Pedagogical Solutions	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner will be given the opportunities In groups/individual and pair work in an inclusive setup :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Develop a connection between daily life and critical thinking. ▪ Collect information about distribution of various natural resources like land, soil, water, natural vegetation, wildlife, minerals, power resources, types of industries in their environs and relate it with India and the world. ▪ Explore various farming practices carried out in the neighbourhood/ district/ state use pictures/news clippings/ videos to be familiar with the availability of natural resources and their protection, various agricultural practices in other states/countries . ▪ Develop projects on conservation of natural and human made resources, discuss with peers about forest fire, landslide, industrial disasters, natural and human reasons 	<p>Using the Pedagogical solutions the students will be able to:</p> <p>Able to relate all the key concepts to the real life situations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Classifies different types of industries based on raw materials, size and ownership. Describing and explaining the major crops, types of farming and agricultural practices in her/his own area/state. Interprets the world map for uneven distribution of population ▪ Describes causes of forest fire, landslide, industrial disasters and their risk reduction measures. Locates distribution of important minerals e.g. coal and mineral oil on the world map. ▪ Explain the distribution of land in local and outside regions. Analyses uneven distribution of natural and human-made resources on the earth. ▪ Designing the various projects and drives for the

<p>for their occurrence and control measures. Use atlas /maps for locating major agricultural areas of the world, industrial countries/regions, understanding spatial distribution of population.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Visit places of historical importance particularly those associated with centres of colonial administration and Indian national movement. ▪ Participate in a discussion on the concepts of Constitution, Parliament, judiciary and marginalisation. Prepare posters with drawings and pictures and make oral and written presentations on the significance of the Constitution of India, Preamble, Parliamentary government, separation of powers, federalism. Prepare a list of <p>registered voters in one's own neighbourhood. Carry out an awareness campaign in one's own locality about significance of voting. Find out some public works undertaken by the MP of one's own constituency. Examine contents of a First Information Report (FIR) form. Express views, through descriptive and critical writing, about the role of judges in the delivery of justice to the litigants.</p>	<p>conservation of natural resources along with the project undertaken by government.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Bring awareness among the public for the same. How to protect themselves especially during the natural disasters. ▪ Analyse the structure of the historical monuments, their structures mapping them on Indian map. How they are different from the monuments present in the other part of the world. ▪ Summarising the culture involved with these monuments. ▪ Analysing the issues related to caste, women, widow remarriage and child marriage, social reforms and the laws and policies of colonial administration towards these issues. Outlines major developments that occurred during the modern period in the field of arts. ▪ Having Debate how the principles of liberty, equality and fraternity are being practised in classroom/ school/ home/ society. ▪ Conducting focus group discussions on violation, protection and promotion of human rights, especially of women, SCs, STs, religious/ linguistic minorities, persons with disabilities, children with special needs, sanitation workers, and other disadvantaged sections of the society. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Demonstrating the way the FIR is put up. Mock session for the same can be conducted ▪ Analysing the causes and consequences of marginalisation faced by disadvantaged sections of one's own region. Identifies the role of Government in providing public facilities such as water, sanitation, road, electricity etc., and recognises their availability.
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STD IX & X

CBSE has published a comprehensive Curriculum for Class IX to X for the academic year 2021-22, which carries the details of syllabus, time to be devoted to teaching units or components of syllabus, Question Paper design as well as detail of projects/ practicals to be conducted. To implement and execute the pedagogical plan for Class IX to XII, the teachers have been advised and trained to acquire a thorough understanding of the following

- a) Curriculum published by the CBSE
- b) Initial Pages of the Curriculum published by the CBSE
- c) Working knowledge of the related Position Papers published by NCERT
- d) How to write measurable Learning Outcomes

A varied approach will be used by each subject teacher to adopt the Pedagogical solutions, teaching strategies and learning objectives in Class IX to XII, aligning these will the guidelines issued by the CBSE. Use of technology and multimedia will be an integral part of the teaching-learning activity.

Broad teaching approaches and strategies suggested for different subjects are as under:

Teaching strategies and methods for subjects like Business Studies, Entrepreneurship, Economics, Psychology, Political Science, History, Geography and Accountancy – Interactive Lecture, Project- based learning, Case studies, Group learning, Question answer Method, Debates, Group Discussion, Multimedia and Smart board

Teaching strategies and methods for subjects like Biology, Physics, Chemistry, Computer Science, Mathematics, Chemistry, Physical Education – Thinking maps, Context based learning, Project- based learning, Demonstration Method, Multimedia Approach, Simulated labs, Experiments, Peer- to-peer teaching, Graphic Organizers, Hands-on Learning, Problem-solving method, Brainstorming.

Teaching strategies and methods for English – Role Play, Story-telling, Debate, Group Discussion, Collaborative learning, Peer-to-peer teaching, Cross-linkages, Thinking maps, Interactive lectures, The Lesson Plans shall include the teaching methodology, learning outcomes, integration of technology, and detail of enhancement efforts.

Assessment

STD-I & II

English
<p>Reading</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Pronunciation – read aloud sessions ▪ Fluency- story telling session, show and tell sessions ▪ Language Lab
<p>Writing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Vocabulary – dictation, make sentences, high frequency words, JAM sessions ▪ Grammar – creative writing, picture composition ▪ Comprehension – unseen passage,
<p>Speaking</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Clarity – read aloud session, role play ▪ Recitation – recite the poem

▪ Sentence construction- show and tell
Listening ▪ Oral comprehension – dramatization ▪ Language lab

Maths
Clarity of concepts – worksheets, quizzes ▪ Mental Maths – oral quiz, role play ▪ Math Lab

E.V.S
General Awareness – show and tell, ▪ Group Discussion – collage making

STD-III & IV

Languages

Skills	Assessment Tools
Reading skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reading tests With emphasis on pronunciation and accuracy
Spellings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Dictation tests ▪ Spell Bee (as an activity)
Writing and Comprehension Skills	writing/ Paragraph Writing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Written Expression exercises ▪ Answer framing exercises ▪ Think and Answer exercises ▪ Sentence framing with the newly learnt vocabulary ▪ Class Tests, Unit tests, Half Yearly Exams

	With emphasis on correct use of vocabulary and sentence structure.
Speaking Skills	<p>Recitation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Just a Minute Rounds ▪ Show and Tell sessions ▪ Turn a Court ▪ Experience sharing sessions

Maths

Skill	Assessment Tools
Computational Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Mental Maths exercises ▪ Time bound exercises ▪ Projects ▪ Activities like-Math-e-magic, Quiz ▪ Class Tests, Unit tests, Half Yearly Exams
Activities	<p>Maths Lab activities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Lab Orals

EVS

Skill	Assessment Tools
Environment al Sensitivity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Maps and Diagrams ▪ Class discussion ▪ Worksheets ▪ Class Tests, Unit tests, Half <p>Yearly Exams</p>
Activities and projects	<p>Poster Making, Collage</p> <p>Projects Making</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Best out of waste ▪ Field trips ▪ Plantation and Swachta drives

STD-VI To VIII

LANGUAGES

Listening Skills

Tools used for Assessments	Rubrics followed for the Assessments
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Two way conversation ➤ News Reports ➤ Speeches ➤ Debates ➤ Note Making 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Voice Clarity ➤ Voice Modulation ➤ Intonation ➤ Language ➤ Speed/ Presentation

Reading Skills

Tools used for Assessments	Rubrics followed for the Assessments
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Unseen passages ➤ Newspaper Articles ➤ Extended Reading ➤ Open ended questions ➤ Vocabulary building ➤ Word Games 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Comprehension skill ➤ Correct language ➤ Appreciation of text ➤ In time completion

Writing Skills

Tools used for Assessments	Rubrics followed for the Assessments
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Diary entry/Notice ➤ Composition ➤ Advertisement making ➤ Catalogue making ➤ Brochure making ➤ Essay writing ➤ Debates/Speech ➤ Concept maps ➤ Creative writing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Correct usage of language ➤ Sequences of events ➤ Vocabulary ➤ Presentation ➤ Quality in content ➤ Usage of grammar

Speaking Skills

Tools used for Assessments	Rubrics followed for the Assessments
Speeches <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Declamation ➤ Debates ➤ JAM session ➤ Turn a Coat ➤ Monologue ➤ Conversations ➤ Presentations ➤ Group discussions ➤ Role Play 	Voice Modulation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Intonation ➤ Language ➤ Speed ➤ Presentation ➤ Speech Clarity ➤ Pronunciation

Mathematics

Skills	Tools used for Assessments	Rubrics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Evaluation ➤ Reasoning and Analytical skills ➤ Concept building ➤ Understanding of the concept ➤ Application of the concept in real life situations ➤ Scientific Information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Lab activities ➤ Puzzles ➤ Worksheets ➤ Model making ➤ Project work ➤ MCQ/Reasoning ➤ Portfolios ➤ Live experiments ➤ Group discussions ➤ Pen and paper 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Accuracy ➤ On time submission ➤ Correct methodology ➤ Knowledge of the concept ➤ Observations ➤ Live experiences ➤ Presentation ➤ Organization of ideas

Social Studies

Skills	Tools used for Assessments	Rubrics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Evaluation ➤ Reasoning and Analytical skills ➤ Concept building 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Map work ➤ Assignments/Worksheets ➤ Debates ➤ Presentations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ On time submission ➤ Presentation ➤ Creativity and aesthetic sense ➤ Organization of ideas

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Understanding of the concept ➤ Application of the concept in real life situations ➤ Graphics and clarity ➤ Layout and design 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Project Work ➤ Group discussion ➤ Case study/Research ➤ Slogan writing ➤ Poster 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Creativity and aesthetic sense ➤ Demonstrate clear understanding
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STD IX & X

Assessment Policy that has been announced by the CBSE board, the school has planned its Annual assessments to bring about more transparency and uniformity across the levels. The scholastic assessment will be based on the below mentioned areas.

[1] Subject Enrichment activities [SEA] (5 marks)

1) Assessment of Speaking and Listening

Assessment Rubrics: Accuracy, fluency, language, pronunciation for the speaking test

2) Project work

3) Map work

4) Lab work a) Oral tests

5) Peer assessment

6) Role plays

Assessment Rubrics for the Project work, Map work and Lab work.-

- **presentation,**
- **accuracy**
- **timely submission.**

[2] Portfolio Activities: (5 marks)

The students have the liberty to choose their best works to showcase in the portfolio.

Assessment Rubrics for Portfolio (originality, appropriateness, creativity, appropriateness, Timely submission.

[3] Periodic Tests [5 marks]

The Exam Cell of the school, with the guidance of the Principal, will release a circular before each unit test stating the important dates for submitting

- Blue prints
- Question papers and marking schemes
- Proof-reading and finalizing the question paper
- Exam dates
- Result compilation

- Result discussion with the Principal.
- Answer sheet showing to the students and discussion on the errors committed by the students.

[4] Multiple Assessment- [5 Marks]

It includes Art Integration Projects

REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES TO BE ARRANGED AS PER THE REQUIREMENT OF DIFFERENT STUDENTS AS PER WEAKER AREAS.

ATTACHED COPIES OF ANNUAL PLAN FOR 2021-22

- 1] pdf files I-V-All subjects
- 2]pdf files VI-VIII-All subjects
- 3]pdf files IX-X-All subjects

Areas of Improvement and activities arranged for the same to be maintained in Descriptor charts provided by CBSE in [Pedagogical Leadership Handbook](#) page No. 73,74,75,76,& 77

Descriptor- 1 Engaging in Teachers' Professional Development

Descriptor-2-Initiating Innovations in Schools

Descriptor-3-Leading the Teaching-Learning Process

Descriptor-4-Developing a Learning Culture

Descriptor-5- Building a Inclusive culture

And rating to be maintained as per rating scale provided in Annexure-1 page No.79 for Descriptors/STEP-1,STEP-2,STEP-3,STEP-4,STEP-5